Navy Manpower and Personnel Modeling, Simulation and Optimization Tools

Brief to MORS

David Rodney January 2010



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Report Documentation Page

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Background

- Navy communities include enlisted ratings (e.g., electronics technicians) and officer designators (e.g., surface warfare officers)
- Navy community managers are responsible for the development, both in the short- and long-term of their communities
 - They need to understand the effects of a wide variety of policies and procedures
- Navy community managers need a variety of decision support tools to facilitate their work



Issues

- During the past 30 years there have been many decision support tools have been developed for Navy community managers
- They have largely fallen by the way-side for a variety of reasons:
 - They do not address community manager needs
 - Difficult to use
 - Lack of transparency
- ONR is sponsoring research to remedy this situation



Approach & Research Team

- A wide variety of skills are required to produce an operational decision support system, and ONR has constructed a research team accordingly
 - SPAWAR, San Diego user requirements
 - NPRST domain expertise and access to data
 - CNA domain expertise and modeling
 - Icosystem systems engineering and modeling



Methods

- We intend to build upon existing knowledge and on-going research
- Current CNA research developing a simulation model for enlisted personnel on Virginia class submarines
- Current Icosystem research
 - Simulation Toolset for Experimental Environment Research
 - Integrated Manpower and Personnel Agent-Based Computer Tool



Simulating MPT&E and measuring FIT

- FIT measures unit manning
 - FIT is the overarching objective of the Navy MPT&E system
- ONR sponsored CNA research, aimed at improving FIT
- Build a model that simulates the MPT&E process
 - Simulate the flow of personnel through the MPT&E production line
 - Follows industry approach of simulating production lines to understand complex dynamics, bottle necks, inefficiencies, etc.
 - Analyze impacts of MPT&E initiatives on FIT
- Focus on Virginia class submarines



Simulation model overview

- A top down approach
 - Start with flows at a macro level and develop more detail over time
- Address the numerous processes that apply to personnel and guide their movements in the Navy
 - Recruiting, Training, Distribution, Retention,
 Advancement
- The model will be able to explore policy changes and their impact on metrics such as:
 - FIT, MPT&E budgets (recruiting, training, retention, PCS costs), NEC utilization, School capacity, etc.

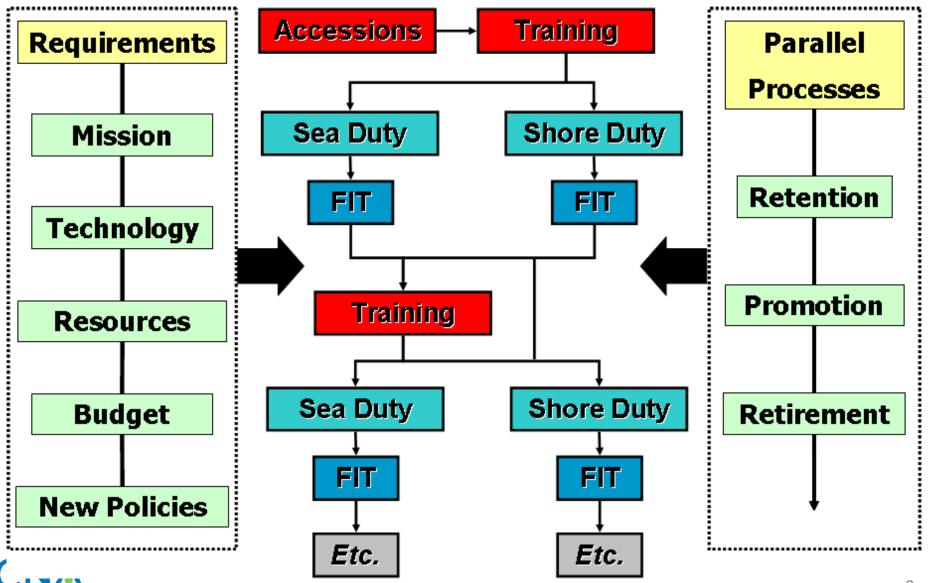


Modeling approach

- Simulation model
 - User friendly front-end and displays
- Use of individual-level data
 - Capability to accurately reflect impact of changes at a micro-level
- Hybrid model
 - Historical aggregate rates for selected actions
 - Behavioral models to generate impact of changes in policies and resources at the micro-level
- Using ExtendSim
 - Mature off-the-shelf simulation software
 - Excellent development environment
 - Radically reduces model programming time
 - NMCI compliant



Street → Fleet → Career → Retirement



Progress to date

- Prototype model developed
- Macro flows established
 - Recruiting
 - Training
 - Sea/shore rotation
 - Retention
 - Advancement
- Model tested for Virginia class submarines
- Many details remain to be added
 - Details below

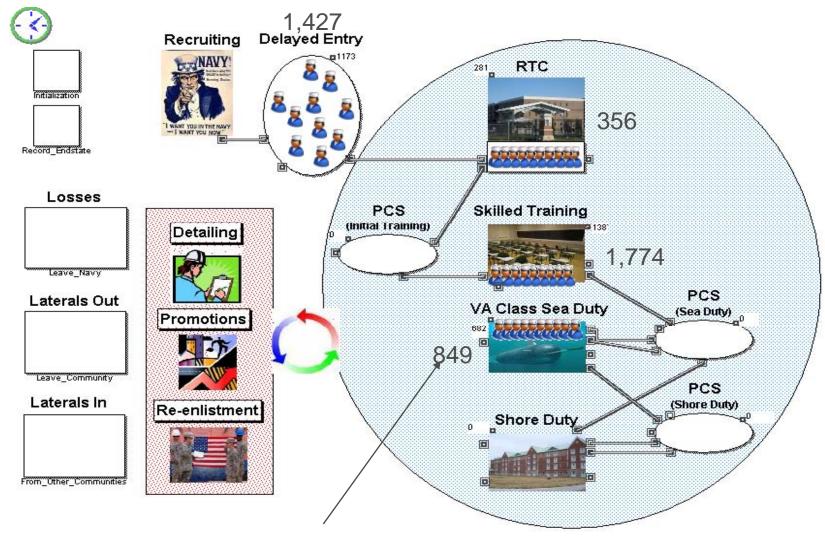


Further potential model development

- Add more detail to existing model flows
 - E.g., add geographic location to UICs
- Incorporate cost data
- Use of retention rates
- Incorporate econometric and behavioral effects
- Move beyond Virginia class



Sample model screen shot



Virginia: 118, Texas: 112, Hawaii: 107, North Carolina: 119,

New Hampshire: 112, New Mexico: 116, Missouri: 112, California: 53

Simulation Model Output Summary

AGGR 97.4

FIT

■ Notebook - FITSIM 1.7level_detailing.mox



VA Class Submarine Community

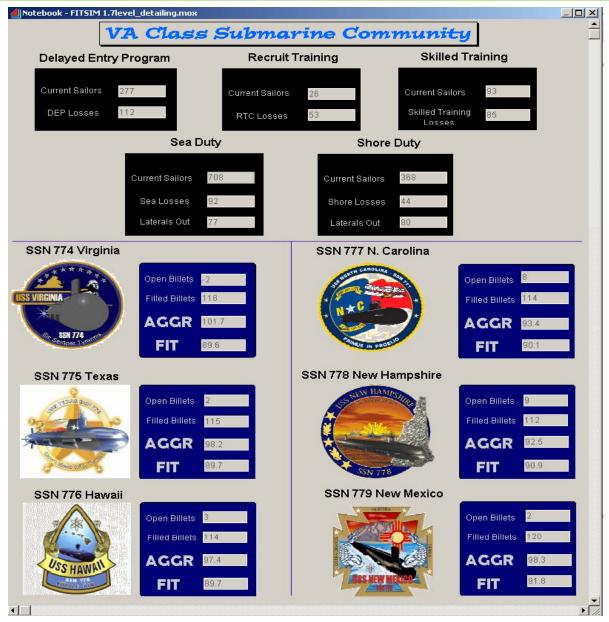


AGGR

FIT

Simulation Model Output Summary

Projected Inventory: End of FY13





Baseline

- Starts with end of FY09 inventory
- 240 Recruits into the DEP for VA class subs
- Skill training classes convene once a month
- Sea and Shore tours are 4 and 3 years respectively

	VA	TX	HI	NC	NH	NM
	SSN 774	SSN 775	SSN 776	SSN 777	SSN 778	SSN 779
Aggregate % End FY09	100	95.7	100	96.7	93.4	95.1
FIT % End FY09	87.1	87.2	84.6	83.6	86.9	91.0
Aggregate % End FY13	101.7	98.3	97.4	93.4	92.6	98.4
FIT % End FY13	89.7	88.9	89.7	90.2	91.0	91.8



Changing Accessions to 160 into VA class subs

←Baseline

160 Accessions

	VA SSN 774	TX SSN 775	HI SSN 776	NC SSN 777	NH SSN 778	NM SSN 779
FY09 Aggregate %	100	95.7	100	96.7	93.4	95.1
FY09 FIT %	87.1	87.2	84.6	83.6	86.9	91.0
FY12 Aggregate %	102.6	91.5	82.9	88.5	90.1	82.0
FY12 FIT %	84.5	79.5	79.5	82.8	82.8	80.3
FY12 Aggregate %	94.0	97.4	79.5	88.5	95.9	81.2
FY12 FIT %	80.2	76.1	76.1	82.0	81.2	77.9

	DEP	RTC	Skill Training
End FY09 Inv.	79	45	113
End FY12 Inv.	222	21	93
End FY12 Inv.	2	21	93



STEER Objectives

- Create a flexible simulation platform to test and demonstrate capabilities for various MPT&E models
- Help to analyze and quantify the impact of varying policies on individual, unit, and enterprise behavior
- Facilitate the generation and testing of ideas, concepts
- Automated model testing and verification
- Automated graphical displays
- Transparency on model logic
- STEER provides an environment for model operations



STEER: Multiple User Types

3 Core User Types/Interaction Modes

- Analysts / End Users
 - Experiment with Models
 - Domain Expertise, Questions/Tool Expertise
- Modelers
 - Analyst + Develops Models
 - Domain Expertise, Modeling Expertise
- Developers
 - Expand Core Functionality
 - Software/Architecture/Modeling Expertise

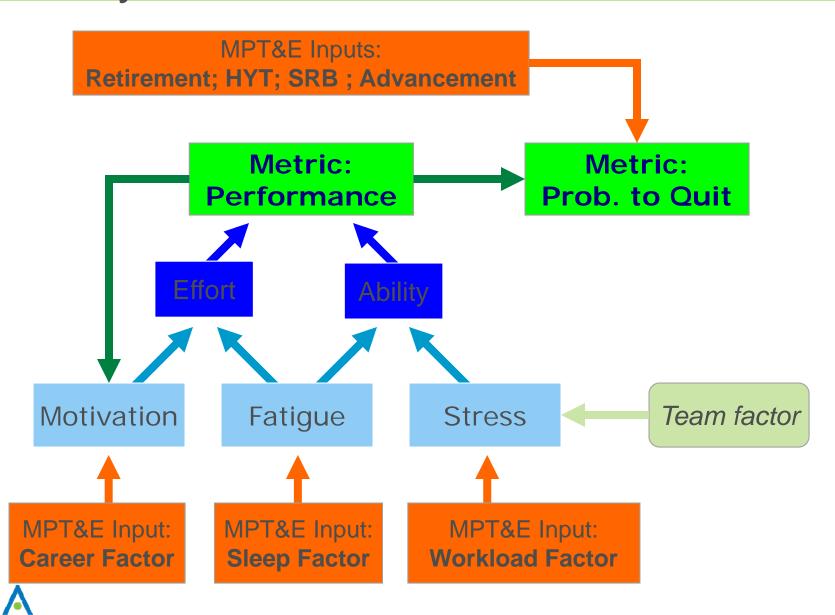


IMPACT capabilities

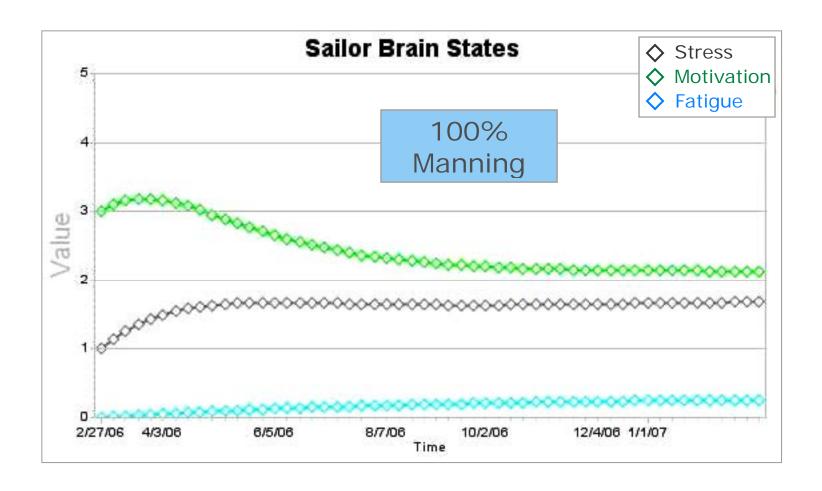
- Simulate Navy operations over multiple years
- Include high level of detail of most MPT&E systems and processes
- Manage multiple skill levels and pay scales
- Balance training and working periods
- Include personnel stress and fatigue resulting from understaffed ships
- Include optimizer to find best staffing levels under various constraints



The Dynamic Sailor Model

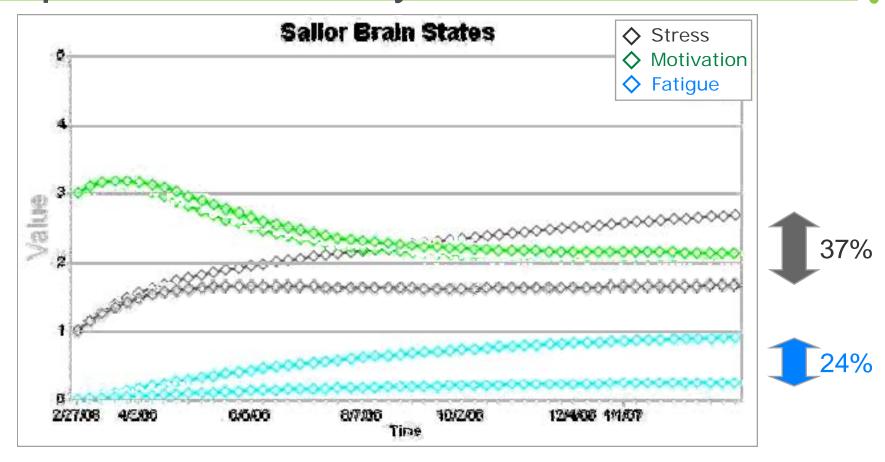


Sample Scenarios: Nominal





Optimize Cost Only



Cost-only optimization leads to dramatically reduced performance

